GERMAN HOST FLEES AS CZAR TAKES POST IN KOENIGSBERG DASH

Pillkallen Shelled and Garrison Routed in Fierce Russian Drive Toward East Prussian Capital.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 30. Russian troops, in the new East Prussian advance on Koenigsberg, have occupied Pilikallen, after shelling the town, from which several thousand inhabitants fled, leaving only 300 women and old men, when the Czar's forces entered. With Pilikallen in the hands of the Russian column on the Gumbinnen front.

the invaders are pressing forward in the direction of Koenigsberg, despite the desperate resistance of the Germans.

The northern column of the new army of invasion, which is marching on Tlist, is meeting with but feeble resistance from the Germans. It is officially and from the Germans, it is officially an-mounced. The German forces at Thisit are reported to be falling back and tens of thousands of Prussians are fleeing from their homes.

This Russian force has cut the railway leading to Memel.

leading to Memel.

The Germans have strong defenses forthward of the Maxurian Lakes region o Insterberg, along the Angerap River, but they are comparatively weak farther

The Russians are steadily closing in or Insterberg from the north, east and southeast. Thist is virtually surrounded, a correspondent telegraphs from the front, and the Russians there are in a position to threaten the left wing of the Germans defending the line of Pillkallen-Lasdehnen.

AUSTRIA SEIZES GRAIN SUPPLY Follows German Lead to Conserve Foodstuffs.

VENICE, Jan. 30 .- The Austrian Govvenice, Jan. 30.—The Austrian Gov-ernment has decided to organize a grain monopoly on similar lines to those es-tablished by Germany. The Austrian Minister of Agriculture has announced that the army has procured supplies of grain sufficient to last until the end of

Owing to the quantities of barley and maize now being taken for breadstuffs, according to advices from Vienna, there a serious shortage in the supply of dder. Almost no grain is being offered the markets in Vienna, Budapest or

Responding to the appeals of land-owners, the Austrian Government has consented to the employment of pris-eners of war in field work, thus replacing peasants who have gone to the front.

ROME, Jan. 30.-The Russian fleet in he Black Sea has sunk a steamship carrying contraband. The Greek crew was

RUSSIANS SINK STEAMSHIP

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA Vessels Arriving Today

Sir. Manchester Mariner (Br.), Manchester via St. John N. B. merchandiss, Philadelphia-Manchester Line, Str. Ericason, Baltimors, passengers and merchandiss, Ericason Line, Str. Mohlean, Norfolk, merchandise, Clyde Steamahl Company.

Vessels Sailing Today Vessels Sailing Today

Bir. Dominion (Br.), Ingham, Liverpool via St. John's, N. F., American Line.

Bir. Frudenia (Ital.), Clarbo, Messina, for orders, Charles M. Tsylor's Sons.

Sit. Tottenham (Br.), Rand, Tampico, Berwind-White Coai Mining Company.

Sir. Heachy (Br.), Turner, New York, Gailey, Davis & Co.

Str. Katherine (Br.), Isbister, Malta, Charles M., Taylor's Sons.

Sir. Maartensdyk (Dutch), Stuffers, Rotterdam, Holland-America Line.

Sir. Algiers, Schutze, Tampa, Port Arthurand Texas Chy, Southern Steamship Company, Str. Tuscan, Thacher, Koston, Merchants and Miners, Transportation Company.

Steamshing to Arrive

sycamonipa to arrive	
PASSENGER.	
Name. From. Date. RaverfordLiverpoolJan. 27 FREIGHT.	
Name. From Date. Themisto Rotterdam Dec. 18 Auchenerag Cruz Granda Dec. 18	
Ekjoldborg	
Stikestad Santiago Jan 16 Lucillise Cardiff Jan 17 Mackinaw London Jan 17 Platuria Shields Jan 20 Nike Santiago Jan 20	
Manchester Miller Manchester Jan. 23	
Port Antonio l'ort Antonio an 27 Tesadale Savana la Mar. Jan 27 Castlemoor Aigters Jan 27 Brindilla Shleids Jan 28	
Steamships to Leave	

PORT OF NEW YORK Steamships to Arrive

DUE TODAY. Steamships to Leave

Movements of Vessels

Movements of Vensels

Rir. Castlemoor (Br.). Nanies for Philadelphia agrived at Alsiers January 20.

Sir. Castedvik (Dutch), for New York, steamed from Harry January 28.

317. Thrys B. (Nor.) Philadelphia for Cocenhagen, arrived at Kirkwall January 25.

Bir. Agriante (Br.), for New York, steamed from Livelpool January 27.

318. Filland (Amer.), for New York, steamed from Edited January 28.

318. Filland (Amer.), for New York, steamed from Philadelphia, arrived at The Hall (Br.), tron. Philadelphia, arrived at Tanaary 29.

Sir. Chippewa, from Philadelphia, arrived at Tanaary 29.

Sir. Chippewa, from Philadelphia, arrived at Tanaary 29.

Sir. Great Northern, Philadelphia for San yanchaco, was 412 miles couth of Overralia lynthip at 5 p. m. January 29.

Br. Great Northern, Philadelphia for San yanchaco, was 412 miles couth of Overralia lynthip at 5 p. m. January 20.

Sir. Lewis Luckeibach, Ean Francisco for 200 Jork, was 100 miles coutheast of Sabine bar at 100 January 20.

Sir. Jewis Luckeibach, Ean Francisco for 200 Jork, was 100 miles coutheast of Sabine bar at 100 January 20.

Sir. Jewis Luckeibach, Ean Francisco for 200 Jork, was 100 miles coutheast of Sabine bar at 100 January 20.

Sir. Jeocho, towing swir, Delaware Sun, Sabine for Filiadelphia, was 130 miles caut of 200 Jones at 2 at 8 p. m. January 20.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS

STRAMSHIPS. 68.). Atlantic Rance to Piracus. S quasture, 10s. Told., Pehruncy. 10s.), 18.000 guarters, same, 10s. Greek), 21,000 quarters, same, 10s. claif loading, 14s. March, elevism). New York to Chinklans st. printenn, 12,000 cases, 42c. Ort. 2705 tone (rainethable trade. It three charter hast like delivery Ballana, relativery United Mingdom Party of the County of

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS

RUSSIAN

The Russian occupation of Pilikalien was preceded by a day's shelling of the place, during which the garrison suffered heavy loss. Out of a population of 8000 or 7009 only 300 women and children and old men remained in Pilikalien when the Russians entered. The Germans have strong defenses northward in the Mazurian Lake region and along the river Angerap, but further northward to Tilsit the Germans are comparatively weak.

The Russians are still pushing on
Titalt from both the north and the
south. The German attack on the left
flank of our southern column completely failed.

AUSTRIAN

The present phase of the war in Galicia is proceeding favorably for us. The attempts of the Russians to outflank the Austrian army near Nowy Sander, in order to open the way for unother attack against Cracow, has led to a counter-offensive by Archduke Joseph Ferdinand, the army of Archduke Joseph Ferdinand, supported by heavy artillery, is pressing in the direction of Tarnow to get in the rear of the Russian army in Galicia to cut its communication.

Equally ineffective was the Russian invasion of Hungary and the attempt to invade Transylvania from Bukowina to isolate the army of General Fischer and to isolate our troops in the Carpathians. While in Polani the Germans are pushing their trenches nearer and nearer to Warsaw, the Teutonic allies are also gaining ground in the Carpathians. We are in possession of the ground from Nagy-Ag Valley to Lughlowers. The present phase of the war in

In the Carpathians. We are in pos-session of the ground from Nagy-Ag Valley to Luwikowna, and again hold Toronya Pass. In Bukowina the en-emy has retreated to Kimpoluna, fol-lowing the victory of General Fisch-er's army near Kirilbaba. Great trans-ports of Russian prisoners are being conveyed into central Austria from the Russiglesej district.

The day of the 29th was calm all over the battle front. In Belgium, artillery combats have taken place. Before Cuinchy, near La Bassee, the Brilish troops have repulsed the at-

British troops have repulsed the attacks of three German battleships. The enemy suffered heavy losses.

To the north of Arras, near Neuvil-Les-Vaist, our heavy artillery got the range of the German batteries and blew up an ammunition wagon.

In the sector of Albert, of Roye, of Soissons, of Craonne, of Rheims and of Perthes there have been some artillery combats, often very violent, in this fighting our batteries have fired very accurately.

In this fighting our batterles have fired very accurately. In the Woevre, near Fliery, the Germans have blown up a mine, intending to destroy our trenches, but it failed and the German trencaes were destroyed by the explosion.

There is nothing to report on the rest of the front.

rest of the front. GERMAN

The French losses in the fights north of Nisuport on Thursday were heavy. More than 300 Moroccans and Algerians lie dead among the tunes. On Friday the German artillery hin-dered the enemy during his attempts to work his way by sapping opera-tions toward the high dunes east of the lighthouses.

the lighthouses.

South of the La Bassee Canal, the Germans last night took two more trenches from the French. These were a part of the position captured by the Germans on January 25. We took 60 prisoners.

In the western part of the Argonne district the German attack on Friday brought a gain of considerable ground. We captured 12 officers, 731 privates and also took 12 machine guns and 10 smaller guns. The enemy's losses were heavy, between enemy's losses were heavy, between 400 and 500 bodies being left on the battlefield. The 155th French Infantry Regiment

ems to have been annihilated. The rman losses were comparatively A French night attack southeast of

Verdun was repulsed. The enemy suf-fered heavily. Northeast of Badonviller the French

were driven out of the village of Angomont while the Germans also oc-cupied Bremenii. In East Prussia: The Russian atagainst the bridge head east of The German fortifications east of

the lake district (Mazurian Lakes in East Prussia) were shelled. An attack southeast of Loewenstein Lake broke down under German fire.

A Russian night attack near Bor-jimow, east of Lowicz, was repulsed and the Russian losses were the

TURKS CLAIM CAUCASIAN VICTORY; RUSSIA DISPUTES

Battles Near Olti Won, Says Constantinople Report.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 30 .- It is offcially announced that the Turks are making successful attacks in the direction of Olti, Transcaucasia, and have captured 200 Russians, together with a large quantity of rifles and munitions of war. The battle which has been raging for a week near Azerbeldjan, near Chol, in Persia, continues in favor of the Turks, it is announced.

This is directly contradicted in the Russian official report, which says that the Turks were defeated with severe the Turks were defeated with severe losses at Baskeui, only four miles from the Armenian frontier and 70 miles from the Turkish base of Erzerum. Russian trops have crossed the Armenian border and have clashed with the Turks near

GERMAN PRESS TALKS PEACE

Free Discussion of Terms by People Demanded.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Exchange Telegraph Company's Copenhagen correspondent reports that a lengthy discussion of peace terms in German newspapers indicates that Germany is longing for ceasation of war.

He quotes the Neu Deutschland as saying that the German people will demand the right to discuss peace terms before negotiations are opened. The Tageblatt intimates that free discussion of peace terms should not be delayed too long, nor an attempt be made to prohibit such dis-cussion, it is said.

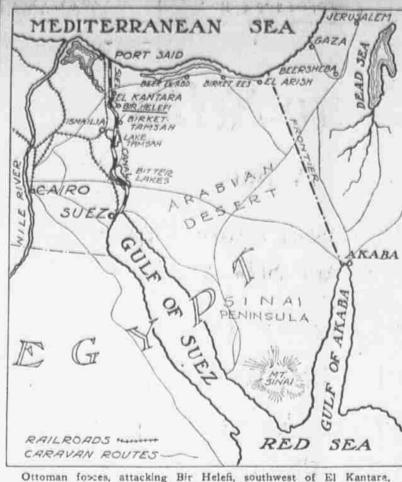
AUSTRIA DIVIDES ARMIES

Plans to Send 400,000 Men Against Servia.

BUCHAREST. Jan. 30.—According to dvices from Czernowiz, the Austria-dungarian forces in Bukowina have been divided into two armies. One army, 400,000 strong, will be sent against the Berviang: the other army of 309,000 will operate against the Russians.

258 BRITISH LOST ON VIKNOR LONDON. Jan. 30.—A casualty list issue that the British armored casus below that the British armored casus brives the British armored marchant vessel Viknor, which was lost off the coast of Ireland several days ago, carried a crow of M. composed of navel reserve men and boys belonging to the meacantile marine, all of whom perished.

BRITISH WARSHIPS RAID TURKS ON SUEZ



Ottoman foxes, attacking Bir Helefi, southwest of El Kantara, were routed yesterday by fire from British warships operating on the Suez Canal. The British admit the Turks have occupied the fortified town of Kativeh.

13,000,000 SOLDIERS ON LINES OF BATTLE IN THE SPRING

All Warring Nations to Increase Their Forces in the Field-First Units of New Organizations Now Moving to the Front.

By J. W. T. MASON

NEW YORK, Jan. 30. Next week will see the first units of the new armies that have completed their six months' training move to the front in preparation for the second offensive phase of the war. How the proportion of fighting strength will result when both sides have completed their reinforcing movements can only be roughly approximated. The basic data do not relate to men, but to munitions. All the nations at war are feeling the strain of supplying the enormous quantities of war stores their armies demand, and all have nore men than equipment. The problem of estimating what the new fighting strength of the rival forces will be in the spring is, therefore, complicated by the inability of the world's war factories to keep up the killing pace of the battle-

ARMIES IN THE WEST. The only official figures of present commiants are those issued by the French War Office last month, which gave 2,-236,000 as the German strength in the West, and 524,000 as the German strength in the East. Both English and French official reports have confessed that the German western armies are numerically stronger than the Allies, but not how much stronger. The London War Office, however, has announced there are now four British armies in France. The strength of a British army probably is two army corps of 35,000 men each. This would make the British strength on the continent 280,000. It is possible the Belcontinent 280,000. It is possible the Bel-gians have been able to replace casualties to the extent of keeping up their strength to 50,000. The French strength cannot be greater than 1,700,000 because of the equipment problem, and may not be as much as this. At most, therefore,

the western Allies now have 2,030,000 troops, or fully equipped 200,000 less than the German strength in the west.

the German strength in the west.

Kitchener's new army of a million men ought to be fully equipped by the spring, but it is improbable that the French will be able to add greatly to their own forces. Filling the depleted French ranks has undoubtedly made heavy demands on France's trained men. The French force probably cannot be increased to more than 2,000,000 by the spring, making the total number of the Allies in the west about 2,000,000.

It is reasonable to assume that Germands.

It is reasonable to assume that Germany can meet this new force man for man. But it will not be necessary for their to do so, if a purely defensive campaign is decided upon, since the Allies have been able to hold their own with numerical inferiority. Germany probably will consider herself capable of meeting the Allies 3,330,000 troops with no more than 3,000,000. It is reasonable to assume that Ger-2,000,000. IN THE EASTERN THEATRE.

The spring campaign in the West, there fore, may see 6,300,000 men pitted against each other. The Eastern situation may develop so as to compel Germany to de-plete still further her Western fighting force, and this is, in fact, the unknown part of the problem. To Germany's pres-ent Eastern strength of 924,000 must be added probably 1,500,000 Austrians, making a total of 2,424,000. Russia probably has approximately the same number. Austria and Germany may be able to raise their joint attength to 3,000,000 men by spring. Joint strength to 3,000,000 men by spring. Whether Russia can surpass this is improbable, but the matter is not certain. If the Slavs can do no more than equal the strength of the Teutonic alliance there will be a total of 6,000,000 men in the East-ern hattle lines, excluding the Turkish and Servian campaigns. Possibly 706,000 may see at all the fronts is therefore approximately 13,000,000.

SHELLS IN MILLIONS RUSHED FOR ALLIES IN SCHWAB'S PLANT

Shrapnel Shipped to Canada, Thence to Armies—Question of Transportation "Up to Purchaser."

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 33 .- The orders for shrapnel given by the British Government to the Bethlehem Steel Company are said to require the manufacture of millions of shells. Hundreds of thousands have already been made. The shells are of various sizes, the smallest three yard.

All the shrapnel is loaded with leaden builets half an inch in diameter. The shell is supposed to explode over the enemy, the leaden bullets raining down on

The shrapnel is shipped to Canada. Company's officials refuse to say where it is shipped from the Dominion. The fact that the calibres are of various sizes leads to the belief that some of it woes to the French as well as to the British. That which is sent to Vancouver undoubtedly goes to the Russian army.

The company has invented and per-

fected its own machinery for the produc-tion of the bullets. It resembles ma-chinery that cuts nails. An eccentric operates a cutter, through which Peas perates a cutter, through which peas leaden bands, which come in enormous rolls. Millions of the bullets are made daily. Some estimate of the enormous quantities of bullets required can be made from the fact that a three-inch shell con-tains 246 of them, and a five-inch shell shout 500.

about 500.

The company has all but completed its first order for field pieces. The lot consists of 200 II-pounders. These guns are about seven feet in length. The forging and boring are comparatively easily done, but great care must be exercised in the rifling and with the adjusting instruments. These guns send a shell six miles and land a shell on a target six feet square. It is denied that beams and plates for English submarines are being made despite the edied of President Wilson and Mr. Bryan that this should not be done. It is denied that Mr. Schwab has taken over the Canadian plant of Vickers Sous & Maxim for the manufacture of parts of submarines. A report from Ottawa said that Mr. Schwab would send experts to

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

this plant and that 6000 workmen had been advertised for. The official statement of the company in regard to this story is that "the whole thing is so far only on paper."
In regard to rumors that the Fore River

In regard to rumors that the Fore River shippard is busy with war orders and that the Schwab plants along the Delaware are clamoring for work, it is stated that the Quincy plant has little work on hand now except the completion of the second Argentine battleship and the construction of a Chilean cruiser. It is declared that no work on European war orders is being done.

orders is being done.

Several facts have come out, however, a regard to Mr. Schwab's desire to own in regard to Mr. Schwab's desire to own a big shipyard. Several years ago, when he acquired the Fore River yard, it was stated that he had bought it to compete with the world on a broad gauge basis; but he was virtually compelled to take over the Massachusetts plant, which was in financial difficulties, so as not to fall in fulfilling his Argentine contract. The Fore River Company, in fact, owed him so much for material supplied on the South American battleship that he had to pay very little cash. He was looking for a big shipyard at the time, and if he had not taken the Fore River plant he would have tried to buy Cramps' shipyard.

regard to the raising of ocean In regard to the raising of ocean freight rates it was said by transportation men connected with the company that ocean freights were at present very unstable, and "a matter of bargaining." As to war material, the transportation was a question for the purchaser. If the English Government bought a cannon or some wheat in the United States it was up to the British Admiralty to see that the gun or the grain got across the Atlantic.

iemand a prohibitive rate?"
"He is too wiss to do that," was the reply, "The ocean carrier needs business. There have been instances in which the carrier demanded 12 cents per 100, a rate that would have cut off all profit. The steamship people were glad to come down to 10 cents per 100."

RAILROAD TO WHITE SEA

Czar Capitalizes Second Line of Com munication With Outside World. PETROGRAD, Jan. 20.—Emperor Nicholas has approved an appropriation of 18,700,000 for the immediate construction of a Government railroad from Petrograd, to the White Sea. This would make a second line of com-munication with the outside world through this region, the other being to archangel.



TRUSSES BLASTIO STOCKLINGS ABDOMINAL SUPPRINTERS, ETC.
LAGY STEED THE CONTROL OF THE STOCKLING OF THE STOCKL

FRENCH AIR BOMBS RAINED ON GERMAN **DEFENSES AT LAON**

Von Heeringen's Headquarters Bombarded by Aviators-Intrenchments Near Soissons Damaged.

PARIS, Jan. 36.

French airmen, braving a terrific fire from German high-sagie guns, have bombarded the headquarters of General von Heeringen, commander of the German army of the centre, at Laon.

Severe damage was done to the German works at Laon, La Fere, Crepy and Couchy. All of these points are situated north and northeast of Solssons, in the new famous "bloody angle" formed by the junction of the Alsine and Olse Rivers.

A Zeupelin raid was attempted over

A Zeppelin raid was attempted over Nancy yesterday, which was frustrated by the French batteries in the fortress of Hacville.

But a single aircraft appeared from the east. The fire of the batteries was turned upon it immediately, and it turned and fled back toward the German lines. A dispatch from Hazebrouck states that German Taubes dropped bombs on Bailbank in France in other within the France. leul, in France, 10 miles within the French and British line yesterday. They did only slight damage, Ballicul is about two miles from the Franco-Bolsian border and is 19 miles southwest of Ypres.

BRITISH AVIATORS DROWNED IN NORTH SEA AFTER RAID

Retreat From Ostend Cut Off by German Airmen.

BERLIN, Jan. 20. BERLIN, Jan. 20.

Three of the soven English aviators who bombarded Ostend and Zeebrugge were drowned in the Strait of Dover, with their observers, according to dispatches printed in Basic newspapers.

The English squadron was engaged by German airmen. The three English biplanes, finding their retreat cut off by the Germans field seaward. They dropped the Germans, fled seaward. They dropped into the water when their supplies of gasoline became exhausted.

"BOBBY" BERESFORD, HORSE BUYER, SEEKS **ACTIVE WAR SERVICE**

Has Purchased 10,000 Mounts for French, But Now Wants Position in British Army.

NEW YORK, Jan. 39.-The Hon. Seton tobert Beresford, better known as "Bobby" Beresford, brother of Lord Decies and brother-in-law of the former Vivien Gould, will sail from New York today

During the last three months the Hon-leton Robert has superintended the purchase and shipment of more than 10,000 horses for the French cavalry and

"In the meantime," he said, "I have been in hard personal training and am prepared to accept any kind of a position for active service in the British army. "People in America seem to think that anybody in England can go to the front, but I know that there are tens of thou-sands of men more than 25 years old who have been rejected by the recruition

nent of American horses the Hon. Bobby has directed his efforts largely toward decreasing the proportions of deaths of horses at sea. According to his experi-ence light sorrel animals are so easily affected by mal de mer that it is useless Washy chestnuts, as wel call them, are

the most delicate; grays the stoutest," he sums it up. "The artillery horses I have shipped have been strong, serviceable animais. I understand that one shipload of 1000 arrived in splendid condition, and in the nick of time to assist in taking 100 guns in action.

"Owing chiefly to the fact that ships have been difficult to obtain, compara-tively few horses have so far left this country. Since the outbreak of the war only about 55,000 have started for Europe, Ships are plentiful now and the monstrous shipping rates have been reduced. The demand for horse flesh created by the war was a godsend to farmers and small owners in the United States, as there

has been very small local demand.
"The Italians, who have also been buying horses here, have had misfortunes in shipping them. Their first two shipment, of about 400 each, were virtually total losses, mainly because their ships were far too small for winter weather.

The Belgians, who are now business. Were far too small for winter weather. The Belgians, who are now buying artillery horses in this country, are well pleased, although, like all other foreign buyers, they are finding difficulty in procuring the European model. The English have bought the biggest horses—large, heavy artillery animals." large, heavy artillery animals."

ITALY TO PROTECT GREEKS ROME, Jan. 30.—As a result of the agreement between the Italian and Greek Governments, the Greek cruiser Helle has been recalled from Durazzo, Albania. The Greek nationals and interests there will be looked after by the Italians.

SPOTTED TYPHUS IN AUSTRIA BERNE, Jan. 30.—Beside an epidemic of smallpox, which the Austrian authorities are endeavoring to combat by all means, spotted typhus is now reaching alarming proportions, and between January 17 and 28 no fewer than 365 cases have occurred. Concentration and war prisoners' camps have been officially notified.

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COM'L UNDERWRITERS Dept. L. 671 Drexel Building CUT THIS GOT, AS IT MAY NOT

GERMANS HAMMER AT FOE IN EFFORT TO CROSS AISNE

Attacks Delivered East of Soissons

Repulsed by French, PARIS, Jan. 20.-Severe fighting marks the resumption of the German attempt to force the passage of the Alsne east of Solssons after two weeks of comparative nactivity. Yesterday the enemy attacked

at two points, one known as the "Mill of the Rocks" and the other the bridge head at Venizel, but were repulsed. The German attempts to swing across the Aisne in the angle of the river at Venizel had for its object the capture of a spur of rallway line running from Venizel into Soissons. The German efforts broke down unuer the combined artillery and machine gun fire of the French, who hold strongly fortified positions on the heights flanking the south bank of the Alsne at Venizel.

AUSTRIAN ADVANCE ON TARNOW MENACES RUSSIANS IN GALICIA

Move to Cut Czar's Communications Gains as Counter Drive Against Cracow Is Defeated.

VIENNA, Jan. 30. An Austrian army, supported by heavy rtillery and commanded by Archduke Joseph Ferdinand, is pressing in the diection of Tarnow in an effort to get in the rear of the Russian forces in Gaicia to cut its communications.

Russian attempts to outflank the Austrians near Nowy Sandec, in an effort to begin a new attack upon Cracow, have broken down, according to the official statement issued today, before the Archduke Joseph Ferdinand's counter of-

The failure of the Russian invasion of Hungary and the attempt to invade Transylvania from Bukawina are also re-ported. In Poland the advance of the Germans upon Warsaw is continuing, the invaders' trenches being pushed closer to the city, and the Austro-German al-lies are also gaining ground in the Carathians. The Toronye Pass has again been won

nd the ground from the Nagy-Ag valley o Luwikowina is entirely in the possession of the forces of the two Kaisers. The retreat of the Russians in Bukowina to Kimpolung has been forced by General Tischer's victory at Kiribaba. Many Russian prisoners taken in the Ruzziglesej district are being conveyed into central Austria.

KRUPP GETS KAISER'S MEDAL LONDON, Jan. 30.-Dispatches from Berlin may that among the honors awarded on the Kaiser's birthday, January 27, was a gold medal encouraging in-dustrial zeal, which was given to the Krupp works at Essen.

GERMAN GOLD FOR TURKS

ATHENS, Jan. 30.—Two railway wag-ons, containing 25,000,000 francs in gold, have been sent to Constantinople from Germany by way of Bulgaria. The total value of gold received by Turkey from Berlin since Turkey entered the war is 75,000,000 france. 75,000,000 francs.

RESORTS

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA. THE BARCELONA Situated 5 minutes to G of f Links.

Private baths; exclusive. A. N. BLAIR. Private baths; exclusive. COLONIAL HOTEL Opposite Old City Gates Modern family hotel. C. B. NICHOLSON LA POSADA Modern, quiet. Family ment. Rates, \$10.00. MRS. B. DEYO

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THE PRINCE GEORGE Daytona's hotel. Every room electrically lighted; steam heated & equipped with hot & cold run, water, Elevator service. Hilyard & Holroyd, Props. DAYTONA BEACH. FLA. HOTEL BREAKERS Directly on beach.

Bathing, boat'g and fishing. Mrs. N. M. Kurtz

SEASIDE INN Directly on the Beach PALM BEACH, FLA. HIBISCUS ON LAKE WORTH.

DE LAND, FLA. THE MELROSE Comfortable family excellent table, \$10 up. Mrs. W. W. Alcott, SEABREEZE, FLA.

near all attractions.

THE GENEVA Private boarding for re-rates \$2.50 per day. Mrs. E. P. Stengle. PUNTA GORDA, FLA. SEMINOLE HOTEL Best fishing in the world; boating, good table. Write E. WOTITEEY.

TURKS FLEE TABRIZ AS RUSSIANS CHECK INVASION OF PERSIA

Ottomans. Pursued by Czar's Army-Porte Strengthens Fortress of Erzerum in Expectation of Siege.

PARIS, Jan. 38 The Turkish army of invasion in Persia nas evacuated Tabris and is ficeing toward Maraglia pursued by the Russians, according to the Matin. The Russians are eported to have occupied Tabriz.

Dispatches from Tiffis, in Transcaucasis, say that the Turkish Governor of the fortress of Erzerum has ordered the civil population to evacuate the area of the The fe diffications of both the Erzerum. fortress and the Develoyun Heights are

being energetically strengthened with modern intrenchments, wire entanglements, etc., and some big guns are reported to have arrived from Constantinople. The garrison is being brought up to normal strength by drafts from Asia Minor, where all the corps are being actively mobilized. The Bourse Gazette says 10,000 fugitives have already arrived on Russian soil from the Persian province of Assection baljan, now overrun by Turkish forces,

Among them are many aged men and women and children. Local Armenian committees, led by private persons, are busy finding shelter for these hepicas fugitives, many of whom have airrady been placed in villages in the Provinces of Kars and Erivan. The Russian official statement today does not claim recapture of Tabris, but asserts the Turks are fleeing in the direction of that city, having evacuated Sofian, 18 miles northwest of Tabris.

SOLDIER BEARS 197 WOUNDS

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Sergeant Paul Mar-chand, cousin of the Marchand of Fashoda fame, wounded in the early weeks of the war, is back from the front bearing 197 wounds.

RESORTS PAGET, BERMUDA

ABBOTTSFORD A well-ordered family hotel situated in 3 acres of shady lawns. Modern. Free baths. 52 per day up. E. L. MOORE, Frep. BEVERLEY ON HAMILTON
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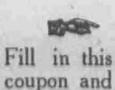
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